IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS MARSHALL DIVISION

ZUGARA, INC.,

Plaintiff,

Civil Action No. 2:25-cv-00183

v.

JAND, INC. d/b/a WARBY PARKER,

Defendant.

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff Zugara, Inc. ("<u>Plaintiff</u>" or "<u>Zugara</u>") files this complaint against JAND, Inc. d/b/a Warby Parker ("<u>Warby Parker</u>" or "<u>Defendant</u>") alleging, based on its own knowledge as to itself and its own actions, and based on information and belief as to all other matters, as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This is a patent infringement action for Defendant's infringement of the following United States Patent (the "Asserted Patent"), issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office ("USPTO"):

Patent No.	Title	Reference
10,482,517	Providing A Simulation	USPTO.gov,
	Of Wearing Items Such	https://patentcenter.uspto.gov/applications/1
	As Garments And/Or	<u>4936444</u> ,
	Accessories	https://image-ppubs.uspto.gov/dirsearch-
		public/print/downloadPdf/10482517

2. Zugara seeks injunctive relief and monetary damages.

PARTIES

- 3. Zugara is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of California, with its principal place of business at 13101 Washington Blvd. Suite 403, Los Angeles, California 90066.
 - 4. On information and belief, JAND, Inc. d/b/a Warby Parker is a corporation organized

and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, with its principal place of business located at 161 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10013. Defendant may be served with process through its registered agent The Corporation Service Company, 251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, DE 19808.

5. Upon information and belief, Defendant engages in making, using, selling, offering for sale, importing, or otherwise providing, directly or indirectly, in the United States and in this State and District, products and services with features and functionalities that infringe the Asserted Patent.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 6. Zugara repeats and re-alleges the allegations in Paragraphs above as though fully set forth in their entirety.
- 7. This is an action for infringement of a United States patent arising under 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281, and 284–85, among others. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction of the action under 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and § 1338(a).
- 8. Defendant is subject to this Court's specific and general personal jurisdiction under due process due at least to Defendant's substantial business in this judicial district, including: (i) at least a portion of the infringements alleged herein; (ii) regularly transacting, doing, and/or soliciting business, engaging in other persistent courses of conduct, or deriving substantial revenue from goods and services provided to individuals in Texas and in this District.
- 9. Specifically, Defendant intends to do and does business in, has committed acts of infringement in, and continues to commit acts of infringement in the State of Texas, including in this District, and in the United States, directly, through intermediaries and agents, by contributing to and through inducement of third parties, and offers its products or services, including those

accused of infringement here, to customers and potential customers located in this state, including in this District, and in the United States.

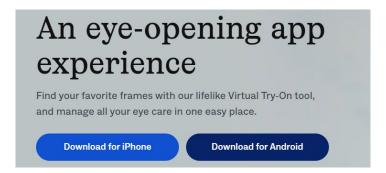
- 10. In addition, Defendant is subject to this Court's personal jurisdiction consistent with the principles of due process pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 4(k)(2) because Defendant has substantial contacts with the United States and has committed, directly and/or indirectly, acts of patent infringement in the United States; and Defendant is not subject to jurisdiction in any state's courts of general jurisdiction.
- Under 28 U.S.C. § 1400(b), venue is proper in this judicial district as to Defendant 11. because Defendant has committed acts of infringement within this judicial district giving rise to this action and has regular and established places of business in this District such as, for example, the established places of business located at 7701 Windrose Avenue, Suite F140, Plano, TX 75024; 2101 Preston Rd., Suite B, Plano, TX; and 858 Watters Creek Blv., #C600, Allen, TX 75013. See (last visited Feb. Plano.Warby Parker 12, Find a store in Texas, 2025), https://stores.warbyparker.com/us/tx/plano; see also Warby Parker Watters Creek, Warby Parker (last visited Feb. 12, 2025), https://stores.warbyparker.com/tx/allen/858-watters-creek-blvd.
- 12. Defendant commits and has committed acts of infringement from this District, including, but not limited to, making, using, selling, offering for sale, and importing of the Accused Products, as further described below.
- 13. Defendant has also previously admitted that "venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. § 1400(b)." *Lennon Image Technologies, LLC v. JAND, Inc. d/b/a Warby Parker*, 2:20-cv-223-JRG, Dkt. No. 12, ¶ 6 (E.D. Tex. Sept. 10, 2020).

THE ACCUSED PRODUCTS

14. Zugara repeats and re-alleges the allegations in Paragraphs above as though fully set

forth in their entirety.

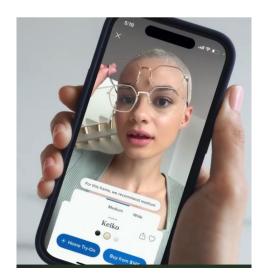
- 15. Based upon public information, Defendant owns, operates, advertises, and/or controls the website https://www.warbyparker.com/app, through which it advertises, sells, offers to sell, provides and/or educates customers about its products and services utilizing infringing systems.
- 16. Defendant makes, has made, uses, causes to be used, imports, provides, supplies, distributes, or offers one or more augmented reality products and tools, including but not limited to the "Virtual Try On Glasses and Sunglasses" module and Augmented Reality (AR) ads available on Defendant's website and applications, including, for example, features allowing users use the "Try On," and features that "turn[] your device's screen into a virtual mirror, in real time using the inbuilt camera," as depicted below (hereinafter, "the <u>Accused Products</u>"). *See* **Figures 1–2** (below).



Next-level accuracy

Not only can our app show you exactly how any frame will look and fit on you, but it can also recommend your best width and measure your pupillary distance (PD).

Personalized measurement tools to find your width and measure your PD are only available on iOS.



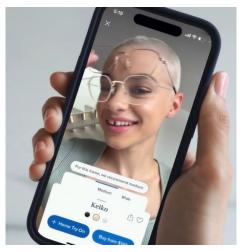
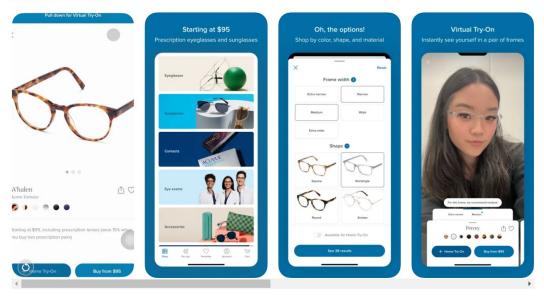






Figure 1 Source: App, WARBY PARKER (last visited Feb. 12, 2025), https://www.warbyparker.com/app.

iPhone Screenshots



Let's find you an amazing pair.

Some features in this app incorporate Apple's TrueDepth API. In order to use these features, users must agree to Warby Parker's terms and conditions of use. Warby Parker's TrueDepth features look at multiple data points on the user's face only while they are interacting with the tool. We do not save or store any face scan data for any user or share with any third-parties.

• For Virtual Try-On and Find your width, the terms are: "By tapping 'Okay,' you agree to give us access to your camera and to measure your facial features. (FYI: We won't store or share these measurements - and will only collect and use them while you are using the [tool].)"

Figure 2

Source: App Store Preview – Warby Parker, APPLE INC. (last visited Feb. 12, 2025), https://apps.apple.com/us/app/warby-parker/id1107693363.

- 17. Based upon public information and belief, the Accused Products are available on the Defendant's website, which users may access through phones, tablets, or computers, including but not limited to the phones, tablets, or computers used by the Defendant's employees and customers. *See App*, WARBY PARKER (last visited Feb. 12, 2025), https://www.warbyparker.com/app.
- 18. On information and belief, Defendant provides information and assistance to its customers to enable them to use the Accused Products in an infringing manner as described below.
- 19. For these reasons and the additional reasons detailed below, the Accused Products practice at least one claim of each of the Asserted Patent.

COUNT I: INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 10,482,517

- 20. Zugara repeats and re-alleges the allegations in the Paragraphs above as though fully set forth in their entirety.
- 21. U.S. Patent No. 10,482,517 (the "'517 Patent") was issued on November 19, 2019, after full and fair examination by the United States Patent Office of Application No. 14/936,444, which was filed November 9, 2015. *See* '517 patent.
- 22. Zugara owns all substantial rights, interest, and title in and to the '517 Patent, including the sole and exclusive right to prosecute this action and enforce the '517 Patent against infringers and to collect damages for all relevant times.
- 23. The claims of the '517 Patent are not directed to an abstract idea and are not limited to well-understood, routine, or conventional activity. Rather, the claimed inventions include inventive components that allow for a user to simulate wearing real-wearable items, such as virtual garments and accessories.

24. The written description of the '517 Patent describes in technical detail each limitation

of the claims, allowing a skilled artisan to understand the scope of the claims and how the non-

conventional and non-generic combination of claim limitations is patently distinct from and

improved upon what may have been considered conventional or generic in the art at the time of

the invention.

25. Defendant has directly infringed one or more claims of the '517 Patent by

manufacturing, selling, offering for sell, importing, using, providing, supplying, or distributing the

Accused Products.

26. For instance, Defendant has directly infringed, either literally or under the doctrine of

equivalents, at least claim 13 of the '517 Patent, as detailed in **Exhibit A** to this Complaint

(Evidence of Use Regarding Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 10,482,517).

27. As just one example, as detailed in Exhibit A, the Accused Products perform a method

for allowing a user to simulate wearing real-wearable items, the method being performed by one

or more hardware processors configured by machine-readable instructions, the method

comprising: obtaining, from a client computing platform, a live video feed; recognizing a position

and/or orientation of one or more body parts of a user within the live video feed, the one or more

body parts including a first body part; providing a virtual-outfitting interface for presentation to

the user via the client computing platform, the virtual-outfitting interface including two or more

separate portions simultaneously presented in the virtual-outfitting interface, the two or more

separate portions including a main display portion and an icon that is overlaid upon the main

display portion, wherein the main display portion includes a composite video feed that incorporates

the live video feed of the user and a first virtual-wearable item; wherein a position, size, and/or

orientation of the first virtual-wearable item is determined such that the first virtual-wearable item

moves within the main display portion according to the position and/or orientation of the user within the live video feed so that the user appears to be wearing the first virtual-wearable item in real time in the main display portion; and providing a social-networking tool graphically presented in the virtual-outfitting interface, the social-networking tool allowing the user to interface with one or more social-networking services with which the user is associated. *See* Exhibit A.

28. Since at least the time of receiving the original complaint in this action, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe the '517 Patent by inducing others to directly infringe the '517 Patent. Defendant has induced and continues to induce customers and end-users, including, but not limited to, Defendant's customers, employees, partners, contractors, customers and/or potential customers, to directly infringe, either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, the '517 Patent by providing or requiring use of the Accused Products. Defendant has taken active steps, directly or through contractual relationships with others, with the specific intent to cause them to use the Accused Products in a manner that infringes one or more claims of the '517 Patent, including, for example, claim 13. Such steps by Defendant have included, among other things, advising or directing customers, personnel, contractors, or end-users to use the Accused Products in an infringing manner; advertising and promoting the use of the Accused Products in an infringing manner; distributing instructions that guide users to use the Accused Products in an infringing manner; and/or instructional and technical support on its website/dashboard and/or telematics application(s). Defendant has been performing these steps, which constitute induced infringement with the knowledge of the '517 Patent and with the knowledge that the induced acts constitute infringement. Defendant has been aware that the normal and customary use of the Accused Products by others would infringe the '517 Patent. Defendant's inducement is ongoing.

29. Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe by contributing

to the infringement of the '517 Patent. Defendant has contributed and continues to contribute to

the direct infringement of the '517 Patent by its customers, personnel, and contractors. The

Accused Products have special features that are specially designed to be used in an infringing way

and that have no substantial uses other than ones that infringe one or more claims of the '517

Patent, including, for example, claim 13. The special features constitute a material part of the

invention of one or more of the claims of the '517 Patent and are not staple articles of commerce

suitable for substantial non-infringing use. Defendant's contributory infringement is ongoing.

30. Defendant had knowledge of the '517 Patent at least as of the date when it was notified

of the filing of this action.

31. Furthermore, on information and belief, Defendant has a policy or practice of not

reviewing the patents of others, including instructing its employees to not review the patents of

others, and thus have been willfully blind of Zugara's patent rights.

32. Defendant's actions are at least objectively reckless as to the risk of infringing a valid

patent and this objective risk was either known or should have been known by Defendant.

33. Defendant's infringement of the '517 Patent is, has been, and continues to be willful,

intentional, deliberate, or in conscious disregard of Zugara's rights under the '517 Patent.

34. Zugara has suffered irreparable harm, through its loss of market share and goodwill,

for which there is no adequate remedy at law. Zugara has and will continue to suffer this harm by

virtue of Defendant's infringement of the '517 Patent. Defendant's actions have interfered with

and will interfere with Zugara's ability to license technology. The balance of hardships favors

Zugara's ability to commercialize its own ideas and technology. The public interest in allowing

Zugara to enforce its right to exclude outweighs other public interests, which supports injunctive

relief in this case.

35. Zugara or its predecessors-in-interest have satisfied all statutory obligations required

to collect pre-filing damages for the full period allowed by law for infringement of the '517 Patent.

36. Zugara has been damaged as a result of the infringing conduct by Defendant alleged

above. Thus, Defendant is liable to Zugara in an amount that compensates it for such

infringements, which by law cannot be less than a reasonable royalty, together with interest and

costs as fixed by this Court under 35 U.S.C. § 284.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

37. WHEREFORE, Zugara requests that the Court find in its favor and against Defendant,

and that the Court grant Zugara the following relief:

a. Judgment that one or more claims of each of the Asserted Patent has been infringed,

either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, by Defendant or others acting

in concert therewith;

b. Judgment that Defendant account for and pay to Zugara all damages to and costs

incurred by Zugara because of Defendant's infringing activities and other conduct

complained of herein;

c. A permanent injunction enjoining Defendant and its officers, directors, agents,

servants, affiliates, employees, divisions, branches, subsidiaries, parents, and all

others acting in concert therewith from infringement of the Asserted Patent; or, in

the alternative, an award of a reasonable ongoing royalty for future infringement of

the Asserted Patent by such entities;

d. Judgment that Defendant's infringements of the Asserted Patent be found willful,

- and that the Court award treble damages for the period of such willful infringement pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- e. Pre-judgment interest on the damages caused by Defendant's infringing activities and other conduct complained of herein;
- f. That this Court declare this an exceptional case and award Zugara its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 285; and
- g. All other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper under the circumstances.

JURY DEMAND

38. Zugara hereby requests a trial by jury on all issues so triable by right.

Dated: February 14, 2025 Respectfully submitted,

By:/s/ James F. McDonough, III

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* Admitted to the Eastern District of Texas

List of Exhibits

A. Evidence of Use Regarding Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 10,482,517

List of Attachments

- Civil Cover Sheet
- Proposed Summons